

# CS 7800: Advanced Algorithms

## Class 8: Network Flow II

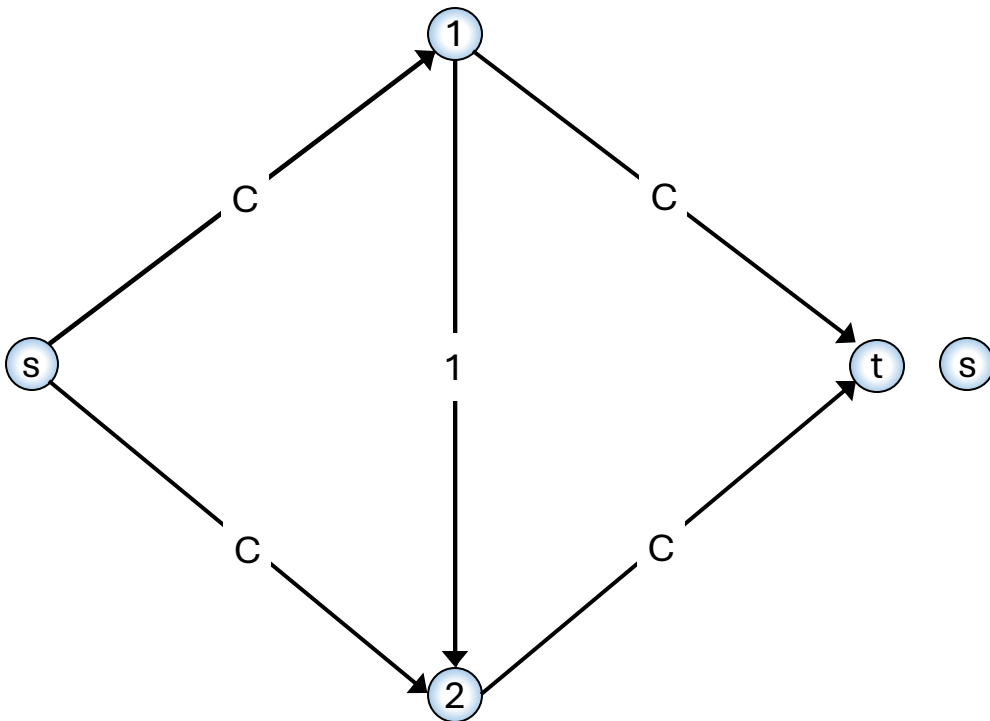
- Choosing Good Augmenting Paths

Jonathan Ullman

September 30, 2025

# Ford-Fulkerson can be Slow

- Start with  $f(e) = 0$  for all edges  $e \in E$
- Find an **augmenting path**  $P$  in the **residual graph**  $G_f$
- Repeat until you get stuck



1

t

2

# Choosing Good Augmenting Paths

# Widest Augmenting Path

- Widest augmenting path
- Can find the widest augmenting path in time  $O(m \log n)$  in several different ways
  - BFS + binary search
  - Variants of Prim's or Kruskal's MST algorithm

# Widest Augmenting Path

## Arbitrary Paths

- Assume integer capacities
- Value of maxflow:  $v^*$
- Value of aug path:  $\geq 1$
- Flow remaining in  $G_f$ :  $\leq v^* - 1$
- # of aug paths:  $\leq v^*$

## Maximum-Capacity Path

- Assume integer capacities
- Value of maxflow:  $v^*$
- Value of aug path:
- Flow remaining in  $G_f$ :
- # of aug paths:

# Widest Augmenting Path

- $f^*$  is a maximum flow with value  $v^* = \text{val}(f^*)$
- $P$  is a widest augmenting s-t path with capacity  $B$
- **Key Claim:**  $B \geq \frac{v^*}{m}$
- **Proof:**

# Widest Augmenting Path

## Arbitrary Paths

- Assume integer capacities
- Value of maxflow:  $v^*$
- Value of aug path:  $\geq 1$
- Flow remaining in  $G_f$ :  $\leq v^* - 1$
- # of aug paths:  $\leq v^*$

## Maximum-Capacity Path

- Assume integer capacities
- Value of maxflow:  $v^*$
- Value of aug path:
- Flow remaining in  $G_f$ :
- # of aug paths:

# Choosing Good Augmenting Paths



# Shortest Augmenting Path

- Shortest augmenting path
- Can find the shortest augmenting path in time  $O(m)$  using breadth-first search

# Shortest Augmenting Path

- **Theorem:** Shortest augmenting path terminates after at most  $mn/2$  augmenting paths
  - No dependence on capacities!
- **Proof Sketch (Full Proof is Challenging):**

# Shortest Augmenting Path

- **Key Claim:** No edge reappears more than  $n/2$  times
- **Proof Sketch (Full Proof is Challenging):**

# Choosing Good Augmenting Paths

# Summary

- **Last Class:** Can solve maximum flow in time  $O(m \cdot v^*)$ 
  - Can be very slow when capacities are large
  - Cannot be improved if we allow arbitrary augmenting paths
- **Today:** Improving running time by choosing better paths
  - **Widest Augmenting Path:**  $O(m \cdot \log v^*)$
  - **Shortest Augmenting Path:**  $O(m^2 n)$
- **Still actively studied!**
  - Can solve maximum flow in  $O(mn)$  using augmenting path\* algos
  - **Recent Breakthrough:** Can solve maximum flow in time\*  $m^{1+o(1)}$
- **Later On:** Using maximum-flow as a building block for solving many more problems